



VALIDATION OF ORGANICALLY BOND TRITIUM AND C-14 ANALYSIS ON ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES

D. Braekers & C. Doumont
Antwerp, 10/05/2023



Table of content

- ⚗ Introduction
- ⚗ Materials and method of analysis of OBT and C-14
- ⚗ Validation plan
- ⚗ Some results of the validation tests
 - Trueness
 - Repeatability
- ⚗ Conclusions



Parr bomb

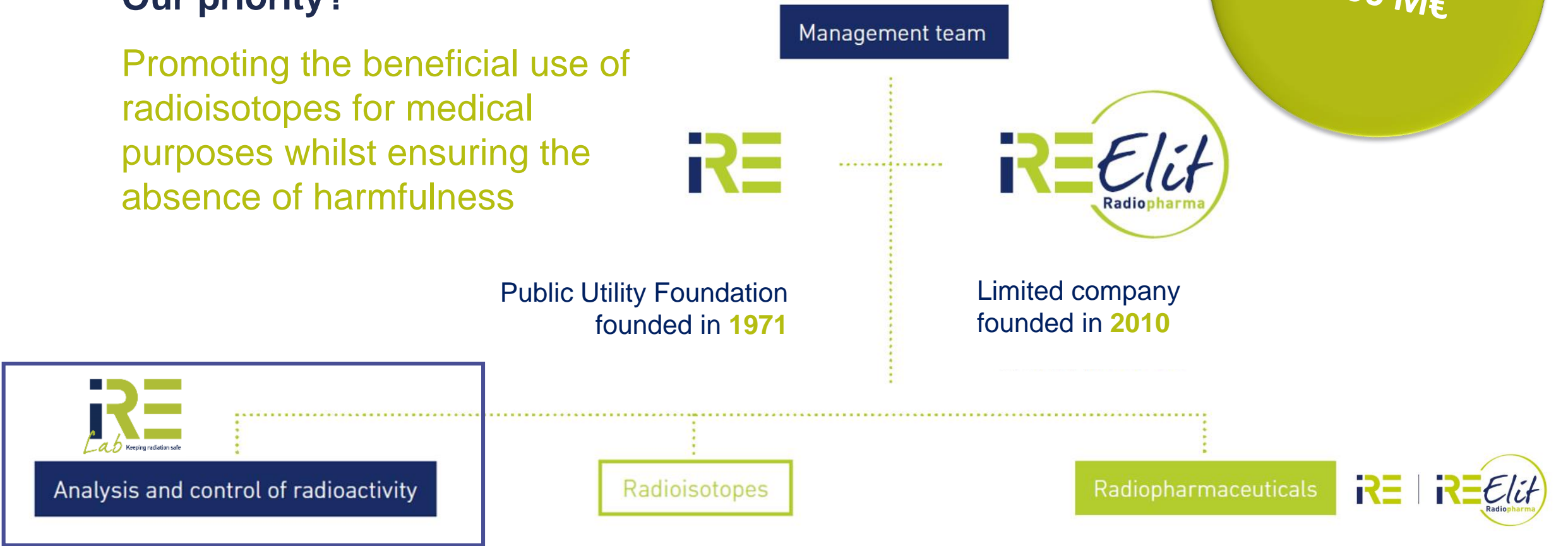
Introduction

2 entities, 3 business lines

Our priority?

Promoting the beneficial use of radioisotopes for medical purposes whilst ensuring the absence of harmfulness

~ 250 people
~ 100 M€



IRE Lab, keeping radiation safe

- ☼ IRE's preventive branch, **IRE Lab** contributes to protecting the environment, workers and the population
- ☼ Through its personalized support and recognized industrial experience, **IRE Lab** is the reference partner for global consultancy and customized solutions for the **analysis and monitoring of radioactivity**



A large range of samples

~ 8500
analyses per
year



1



Environmental monitoring

Groundwater, surface water, rain water, soil, sediment, dust, aerosol, flora and fauna

2



Monitoring of water for human consumption

Tap water, spring water, mineral water, drinks

3



Control of food chain

Foodstuffs, agricultural products, crops and livestock products

4



Monitoring of workers

In vitro (urine, faeces, nasal mucus) or in vivo (whole body, thyroid)

5



Support for industrial, nuclear and non-nuclear sectors

Dismantling of nuclear facilities, radioactive waste, NORM, industrial waste, waste water, construction material

6



Checks on goods for import and export and various consumer goods

OBT and C-14 analysis in routine

- ⚗ Within the framework of the Belgian radiological monitoring program
- ⚗ Food chain : C-14
- ⚗ Aquatic fauna and flora from the river Meuse : OBT
- ⚗ Agricultural samples around the NPP Chooz and Tihange : OBT and C-14
- ⚗ Total ~ 90 – 100 samples per year

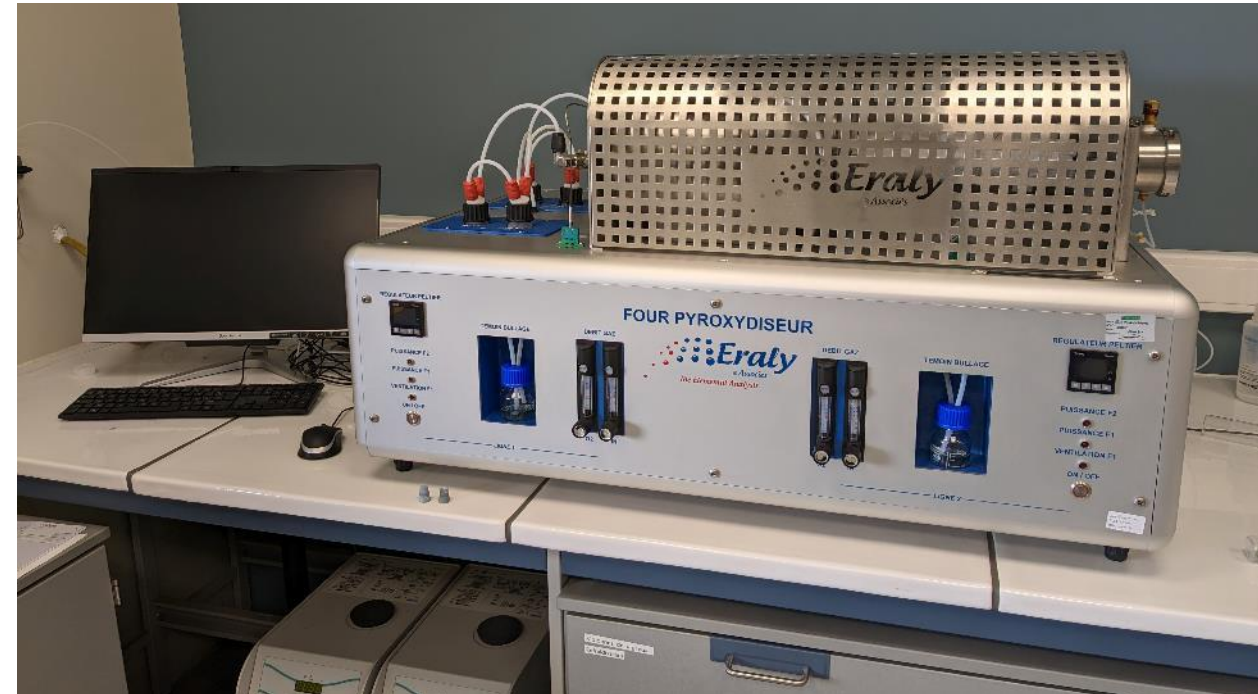


Nuclear power plant of Chooz

Materials and analytical method for OBT and C-14 determination

The Eraly Pyroxydizer furnace

- ❁ 2 independant combustion lignes (1 to 3)
- ❁ Two differents zones at high temperatures
 - Pyrolysis (70°C - 950°C)
 - Oxydation (800°C – 1000°C)
- ❁ Two cooling traps (up to -20°C)
- ❁ Required Oxygene and inert gas inlets

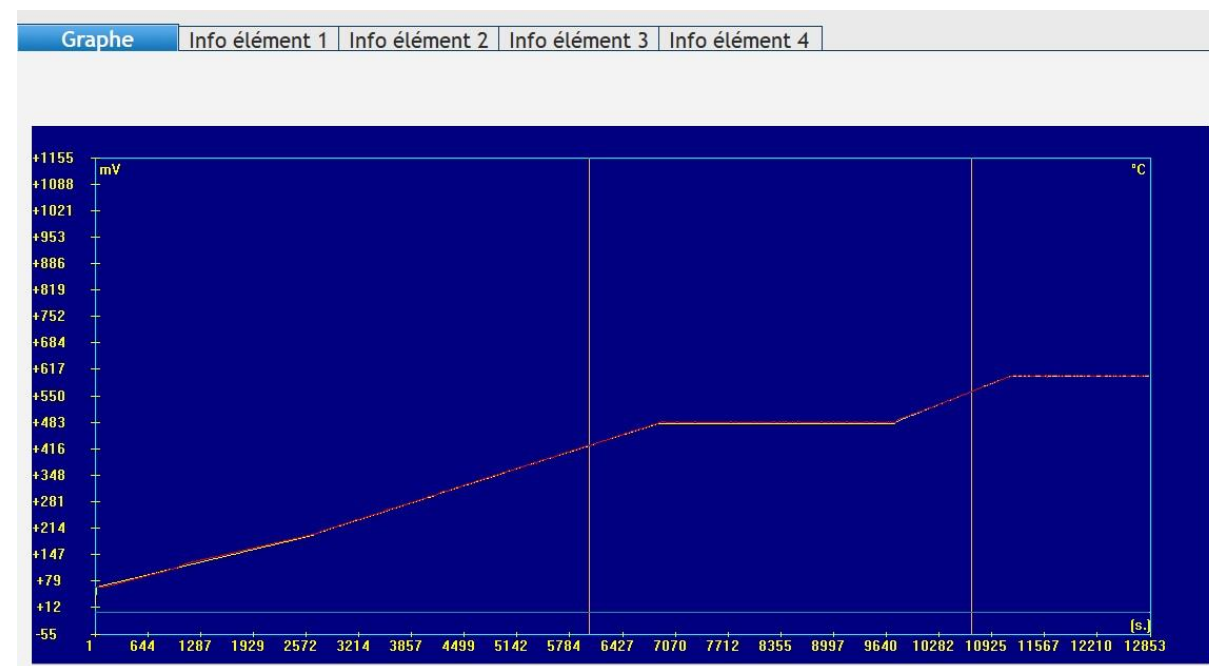


Pyroxydizer furnace® (Eraly & Associés)

Helios software

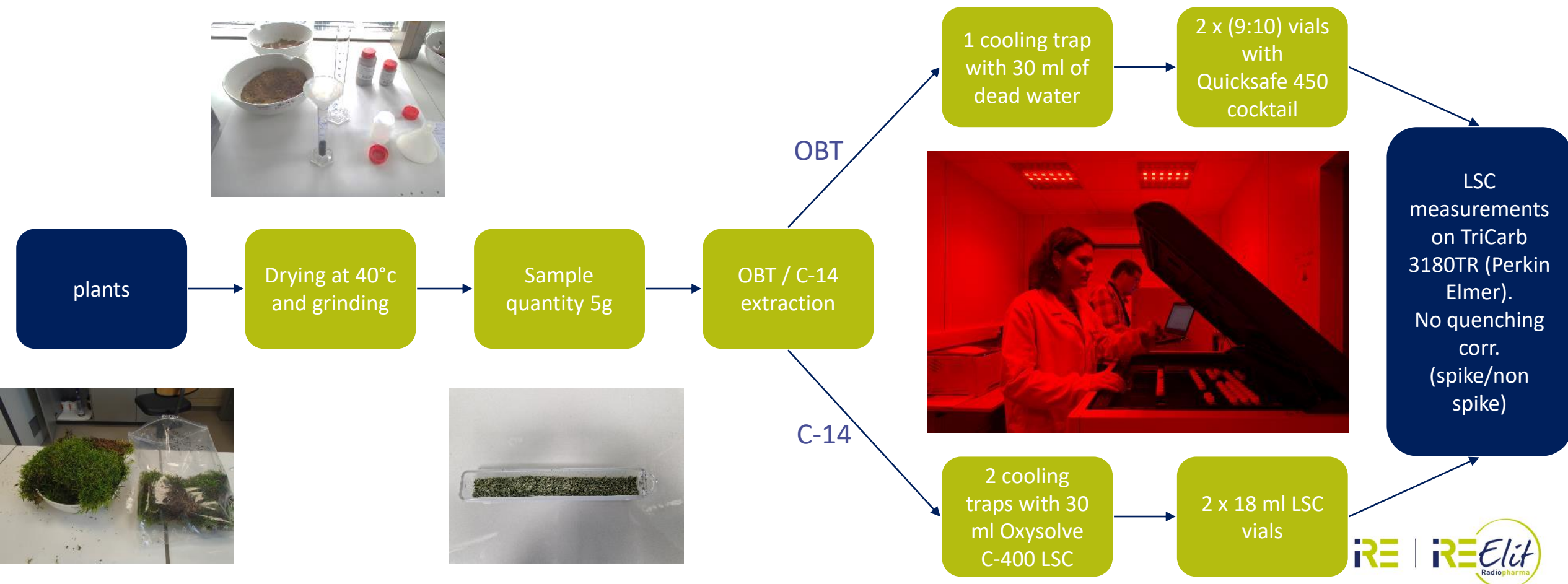


Each line has its dedicated software



Temperature ramp for plant analysis

Analys methodology



Analytical performances

OBT (Bq/kg d.w.)

- ⚗ Bkg = 1.20 cpm
- ⚗ Counting time = 2 x 100 minutes
- ⚗ Counting eff. = 20%
- ⚗ Combustion eff. = 97%
- ⚗ LoQ ~ 20 Bq/kg

C-14 (Bq/g carbon)

- ⚗ Bkg = 1.80 cpm
- ⚗ Counting time = 2 x 100 minutes
- ⚗ Counting eff. = 70%
- ⚗ Combustion eff. = 97%
- ⚗ LoQ ~ 0.1 Bq/g C

Validation plan

Validation plan according ISO 17025 standard

☼ Method based on NF M60-824 standard - Test method for the analysis of tritium in free water and organically bound tritium in environmental matrices



☼ OBT : **Standard method = verification** / C-14 : **Internal method = validation**

☼ Environmental matrices

☼ Validation tests for OBT:

- Trueness
- Repeatability
- Limit of Detection
- Other : Memory effects, FoM, delay time

Results of the validation tests

Trueness

✿ Using reference materials from previous proficiency tests of 2013 and 2020

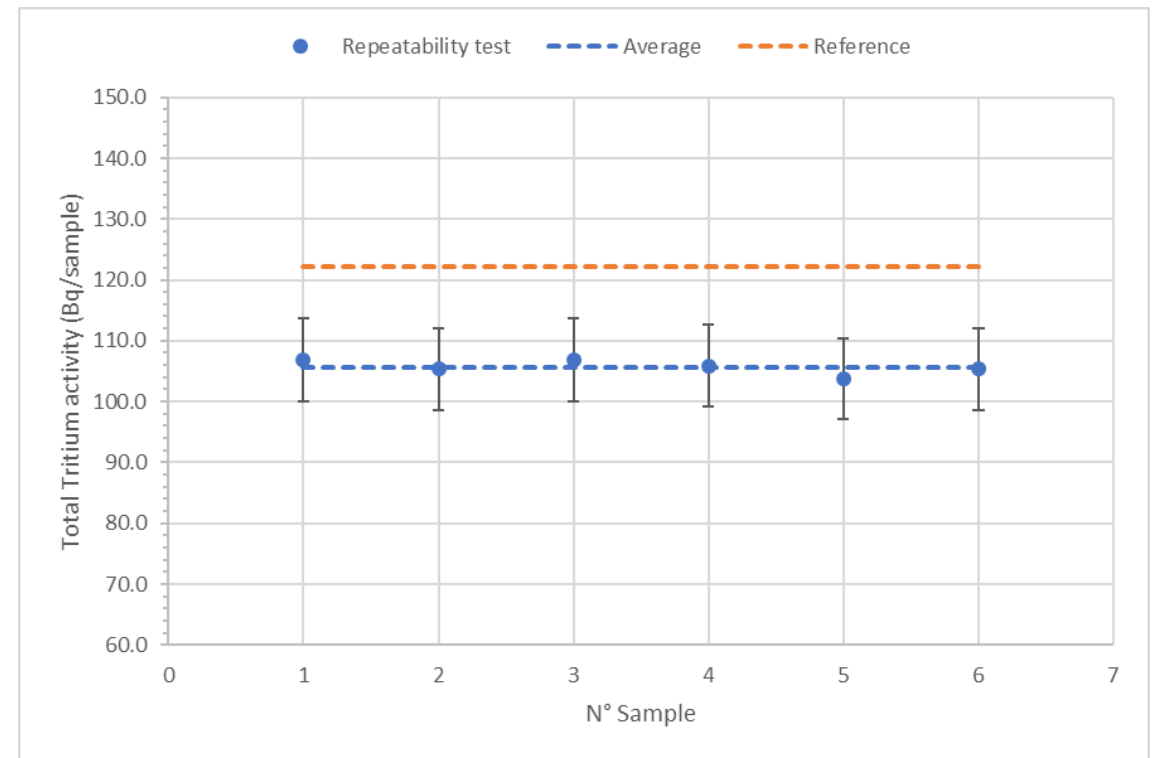
✿ Evaluation is performed with the Zeta-score [-2;+2] and the Bias [<15%]

Sample ID	Parameter	Ref. act.	unc. Ref (k=1)	Results	unc. Results (k=1)	unit	Zeta-score	Bias
IRSN 171V300 - ligne 1	OBT	94	7	87	8	Bq/kg d.w.	-0.7	-7.9%
IRSN 171V300 - ligne 2	OBT	94	7	81	8	Bq/kg d.w.	-1.2	-13.8%

Sample ID	Parameter	Ref. act.	unc. Ref (k=1)	Results	unc. Results (k=1)	unit	Zeta-score	Bias
IRSN 127V300 - ligne 1	C-14	468	12.5	492	18.45	Bq/kg C	1.1	5.1%

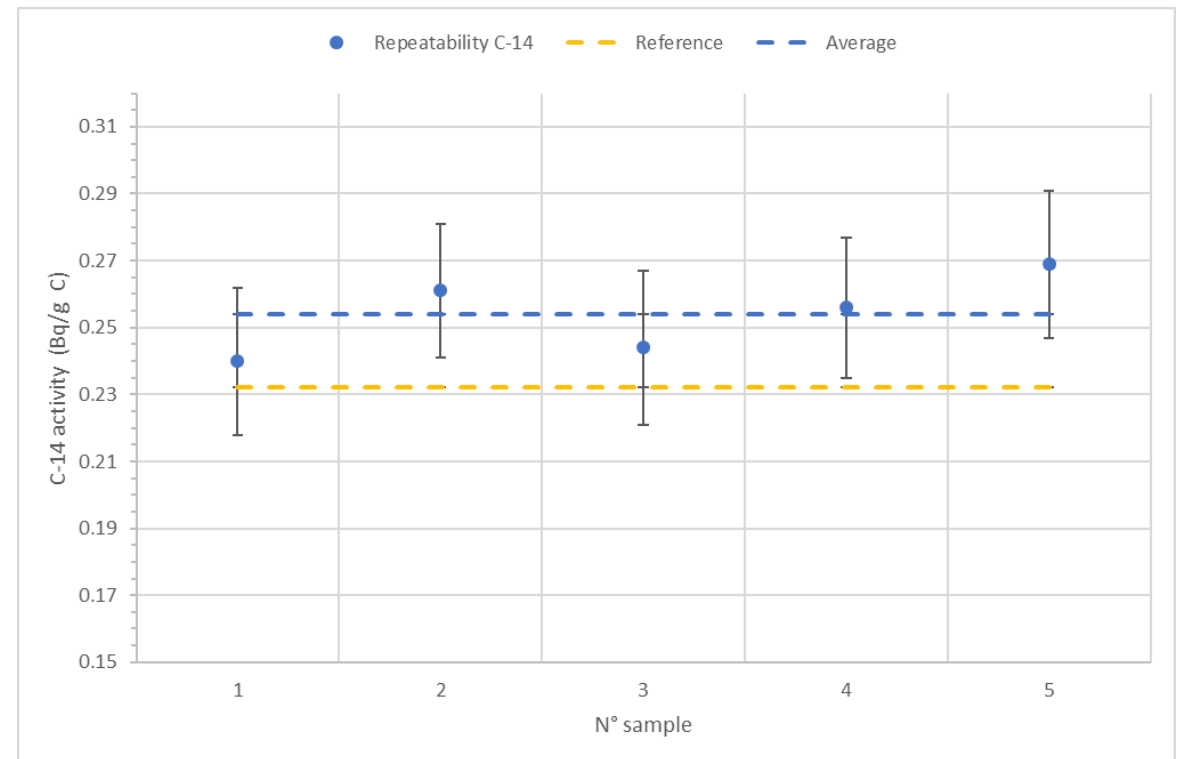
Repeatability test (H-3)

- ☼ Sample = 5 g of plants spiked with ~120 Bq of H-3 (HTO)
- ☼ H-3 = 20 kBq/kg d.w.
- ☼ RSD = 1.1%
- ☼ Memory effect? No trend
- ☼ But 13% negative bias compare with the reference H-3 activity
- ☼ Negative bias is under investigation
 - Redo the test with 2 cold traps



Repeatability test (C-14)

- ☼ Sample = 5 g of plants (willow leaf)
- ☼ « C-14 reference activity » = 0.232 Bq/g C*
- ☼ No C-14 spike
- ☼ RSD = 4.7%
- ☼ Memory effect? No trend
- ☼ Bias = 9.5%
- ☼ Ratio g C/g Samle (d.w.) = 0.32



Conclusions

What's next - future developments

- ⚗ Investigation of negative bias of OBT analyses

Determination of tritium loss with a second trap

- ⚗ Experimental determination of the recovery factor and its related uncertainty

Using a glucose solution of known concentration for C-14?

- ⚗ Improved carbon recovery rate

Investigate others liquids scintillation cocktail?

- ⚗ Need for certified reference materials and proficiency tests!

- ⚗ Your advices and feed-backs are welcome!



Thank you for your attention

Avenue de l'Espérance,
1
6220 Fleurus, Belgium

T. +32 (0)71 82 95
56
F. +32 (0)71 81 38

www.ire.eu
Suivez-nous sur LinkedIn 